**St Mary’s RC Primary School**

**Year 5 Long Term Plan - MATHS**

The Maths Curriculum follows the structure below. The 5 parts per term allows extra time to be spent on areas deemed necessary by the class teacher’s assessments.

## Year 5, Autumn Term 1

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| Part | Summary |
| 1 | Read, write, compare and order 5-digit numbers, understanding the place value and using < and >signs; add and subtract multiples of 10, 100 and 1000 to and from 5-digit numbers; use written addition to add two 4-digit numbers; work systematically to spot patterns. |
| 2 | Add and subtract 2- 3- and 4-digit numbers mentally; choose a strategy for solving mental additions or subtractions; solve word problems |
| 3 | Understand place value in decimal numbers; multiply and divide numbers with up to two decimal places by 10 and 100; multiply and divide by 0 and 100; add and subtract 0·1 and 0·01; multiply and divide by 4 by doubling or halving twice; use mental multiplication strategies to multiply by 20, 25 and 9 |
| 4 | Revise converting 12-hour clock times to 24-hour clock times; find a time a given number of minutes or hours and minutes later; calculate time intervals using 24-hour clock format; measure lengths in mm and convert to cm; find perimeters in cm and convert cm to m |
| 5 | Solve subtraction using a written method for 3-digit − 3-digit numbers and for 4-digit numbers; use counting up (Frog) as a strategy to perform mental subtraction; find change from a multiple of ten pounds using counting up |

## Year 5, Autumn Term 2

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| Part | Summary |
| 6 | Recognise which numbers are divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9 and 25 and identify multiples; find factors; recording results systematically and finding all factors of a given number; compare and place fractions on a line; find equivalent fractions and reduce them to their simplest form |
| 7 | Use mental strategies to multiply and divide multiples of 10 and 100; use a written method to multiply 3-digit and 4-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers and estimate answers, divide 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers using a written method and express remainders as a fraction and solve division word problems |
| 8 | Use a protractor to measure and draw angles in degrees; recognise, use terms and classify angles as obtuse, acute and reflex; recognise that angles on a line total 180° and angles round a point total 360°; identify and name parts of a circle including diameter, radius and circumference; draw circles to a given radius using a pair of compasses; relate angles to turns, and recognise that a 360° angle is a complete turn; use angle facts to solve problems related to turn |
| 9 | Place numbers to 100 000 and decimals up to two places on a line, round numbers to the nearest 10, 100 and 1000 and decimals up to two places to the nearest whole number; compare and order numbers with up to two decimal places; reduce fractions to their simplest form; know and recognise equivalent fractions and decimals to half, tenths and fifths |
| 10 | Revise mental and written addition and subtraction strategies, choose to use a mental strategy or written method to solve addition and subtraction, choose to solve word problems involving multiplication and division questions including 2- and 3-digit by 1-digit and 2-digit by 2-digit using a mental or a written method, use mathematical reasoning to work out a function, identify the operation being used on numbers, understand that addition and subtraction are inverse operations multiplication and division, use function machines |

## Year 5, Spring Term 1

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| Part | Summary |
| 11 | Read, write and order numbers with up to 6 digits and understand the place value of each digit; place 6-digit numbers on a number line and find numbers between; solve place-value additions and subtractions with 6-digit numbers; understand place value in decimal numbers as tenths and hundredths; multiply and divide by 10/100/1000 using a place-value grid; understand place value in decimal numbers to 2-decimal places; place decimal numbers on a line; round two-place decimal numbers to nearest tenth and whole number; say the number a tenth or a hundredth more |
| 12 | Rehearse mental addition strategies for decimals and whole numbers; use counting on as a strategy to perform mental addition of 2-place decimals to the next whole number; solve missing number sentences; use mental strategies to solve multi-step word problems; use counting up as a strategy to perform written subtraction (Frog) |
| 13 | Use rules of divisibility to find if numbers are divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 9 and 10; identity prime numbers; revise finding factors of numbers; find squares and square roots of square numbers; finding patterns and making and testing rules; use mental multiplication and division strategies; relate mental division strategies to multiples of ten of the divisor |
| 14 | Know properties of equilateral, isosceles, scalene and right-angled triangles; find that angles in a triangle have a total of 180°; sort triangles according to their properties; use scales to weigh amounts to the nearest half interval; convert from grams to kilograms and vice versa, from millilitres to litres and vice versa, and from metres to kilometres and vice versa; read scales to the nearest half division; understand that we measure distance in kilometres and miles; use ready reckoning to give approximate values of miles in kilometres and vice versa; draw line conversion graphs |
| 15 | Use a written column method to add amounts of money in pounds and pence; add 2-place decimals using written column addition; subtract decimal numbers using counting up (Frog) |

## Year 5, Spring Term 2

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| Part | Summary |
| 16 | Use a written method (grid) to multiply pairs of 2-digit numbers; use short division to divide 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers, including those which leave a remainder |
| 17 | Find unit fractions and non-unit fractions of 3-digit numbers; use short multiplication to multiply 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers; begin to use short multiplication to multiply 4-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers |
| 18 | Understand what a polygon is; draw polygons using dotted square and isometric paper; revise terms obtuse, acute and reflex angles, perpendicular and parallel sides; recognise quadrilaterals as polygons and identify their properties; classify quadrilaterals; draw regular polygons and explore their properties; revise metric units of weight, capacity and length; understand that we can measure in imperial units and relate these to their instances in daily life |
| 19 | Place mixed numbers on lines; count up in fractions using equivalence; convert improper fractions to mixed numbers and vice versa; write improper fractions as mixed numbers and vice versa; multiply proper fractions by whole numbers |
| 20 | Solve subtraction of 4-digit numbers using written column subtraction (decomposition); add several numbers using written column addition; use column to solve problems |

## Year 5, Summer Term 1

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| Part | Summary |
| 21 | Add mentally 2-place decimal numbers in the context of money using rounding; add several small amounts of money using mental methods; mentally subtract amounts of money including giving change; calculate the difference between two amounts using counting up; solve word problems, including 2-step problems, choosing an appropriate method |
| 22 | Multiply fractions less than 1 by whole numbers, convert improper fractions to whole numbers; use short multiplication to multiply 3-digit and 4-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers; use long multiplication to multiply 2-digit and 3-digit numbers by teens numbers |
| 23 | Read, write and compare decimals to three decimal places, understanding that the third decimal place represents thousandths; multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 using 3-place decimal numbers in the calculations; place 2-place decimals on a number line and round them to the nearest tenth and whole number; read, write, order and compare 3-place decimal numbers; understand and use negative numbers in the context of temperature |
| 24 | Read and mark co-ordinates in the first two quadrants; draw simple polygons using co-ordinates; translate simple polygons by adding to and subtracting from the co-ordinates; reflect simple shapes in the y axis or in a line, noting the effect on the co-ordinates; translate simple shapes and note what happens to the co-ordinates; draw regular and irregular 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles; use the properties of 2D shapes, including rectangles, to derive related facts; identify 3D shapes from 2D representations; create 3D shapes using 2D nets and draw 3D shapes |
| 25 | Add 5-digit numbers using written column addition; subtract 5-digit numbers using written method (decomposition); check answers to subtractions using written column addition; solve subtractions of 4- and 5-digit numbers using written column subtraction or number line counting up |

## Year 5, Summer Term 2

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| Part | Summary |
| 26 | Identify factors and multiples, find factor pairs; revise equivalent fractions; compare and order fractions with related denominators; add fractions with same or related denominators, then convert answer into a mixed number; subtract fractions with same and related denominators, revise multiplying fractions by whole numbers |
| 27 | Use short division to divide 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers and 4-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers, including those which leave a remainder; express a remainder as a fraction; use long multiplication to multiply 3-digit and 4-digit numbers by teens numbers |
| 28 | Find the area and perimeter of squares and rectangles by calculation and pursue a line of enquiry; estimate and find the area of irregular shapes; calculate the perimeter and area of composite shapes; use the relations of area and perimeter to find unknown lengths; begin to understand the concept of volume; find the volume of a cube or cuboid by counting cubes; understand volume as measurement in three dimensions; relate volume to capacity; recognise and estimate volumes |
| 29 | Understand what percentages are, relating them to hundredths; know key equivalences between percentages and fractions, finding percentages of amounts of money; find equivalent fractions, decimals and percentages; solve problems involving fraction and percentage equivalents; write dates using Roman numerals |
| 30 | Find cubes of numbers to 10; draw and interpret line graphs showing change in temperature over time; begin to understand rate; use timetables using the 24-hour clock and use counting up to find time intervals of several hours and minutes; solve problems involving scaling by simple fractions; use factors to multiply; solve scaling problems involving measure |